

SHE KEPT THEM ON THE JOB



SAVE 16,000,000 BUSHELS OF WHEAT THAT FORMERLY WAS LOST IN THRESHING

Farmers, Urged by Food Administration, Provide Seven Extra Loaves of Bread for Every American.

By adopting cleaner threshing methods and by literally combing harvest fields to gather grain formerly wasted, threshermen and farmers of the United States this year saved fully 16,000,000 bushels of wheat, estimated as equivalent to about seven one-pound loaves of bread for every person in the country. This result, accompanied by corresponding savings of barley, oats, rye and other grains, is shown by reports from 33 grain states to the U. S. Food Administration. Other states, although not prepared to furnish definite figures of conservation in the grain fields, report greatly reduced harvest losses.

This rural food saving achievement, accomplished in scarcely six months' time, was in direct response to requests by the Food Administration, which asked farmers and threshermen to reduce harvest losses from about 3 1/2 per cent.—the estimated average in normal times—to the lowest possible minimum. Country grain threshing committees carried into every grain growing community the official recommendations for accomplishing the results desired.

In numerous instances drivers of racks with leaky bottoms were sent from the fields to repair their equipment and frequently bad order threshing machines were stopped until the cause of waste was removed. But in proportion to the number of persons engaged in gathering the nation's grain crop, cases of compulsion were comparatively rare. The Food Administration freely attributes the success of the grain threshing campaign to patriotic service by farmers, threshermen and their crews. Incidentally grain growers of the United States are many millions of dollars "in pocket" as a result of the grain saved.

NO ONE SUFFERED HERE.

The marvel of our voluntary food-saving, now that we are "getting results," is that no one ever actually suffered any hardship from it; that we all are better in health and spirit and better satisfied with ourselves because of our friendly self-denial.

Food control in America held the price of breadstuffs steady, prevented vicious speculation and extortion and preserved tranquillity at home.

In no other nation is there so willing a sense of voluntary self-sacrifice as in America—that was shown in the abstinence from wheat.

Find more wheat, it came; more pork, it came; save sugar, it was done. So Americans answered the challenge of German starvation.

Good will rules the new world as fear governed the old world. Through sharing food America helps make the whole world kin.

Food control made sufficiency from shortage, kept the rein on food prices, gave the nation's full strength exercise.

Starvation by Germany challenged all the world; food conservation in America answered the challenge.

Food conservation in America has been the triumph of individual devotion to the national cause.

PROVED SPIRIT OF DEMOCRACY

Voluntary Basis of Food Saving Showed Heart of America Beat True for Freedom.

To the voluntary service and sacrifice of the American people must be attributed the continued health, strength and morale of the Allied armies and the civil populace.

Upon this spirit of service and sacrifice will depend Europe's fate in the months to come. In the past year we have carried out an export program, the magnitude of which is almost beyond comprehension. But with the new demands that have come, with the liberation of nations freed from German oppression, our exports must be almost doubled. Instead of 11,820,000 tons, we must ship twenty million tons of food to Europe in the coming year—as much as can be pushed through our ports.

If the Allies had not been fed by America, it would have been impossible for them to maintain their defense against Germany.

Meeting this world need on a purely voluntary basis, the American people have conclusively proved that democracy is a success and that in time of need it will rise to its own defense.

If there were no other accomplishment to its credit the very fact that it has shown the strength of democracy has in itself more than justified the existence of the Food Administration in the eyes of the world.

Less than four months after the United States declared war the United States Food Administrator expressed his determination to meet America's food problem on a basis of voluntary action and reiterated his confidence that awakened democracy would prove irresistible.

"Many thinking Americans," said Mr. Hoover, "and the whole world have been watching anxiously the last four months in the fear that democratic America could not organize to meet autocratic Germany. Germany has been confident that it could not be done. Contrary proof is immediately at our door, and our people have already demonstrated their ability to mobilize, organize, endure and prepare voluntarily and efficiently in many directions and upon the mere word of inspiration aside from the remarkable assemblage of our Army and finances."

The history of the Food Administration has clearly shown that the trust of those who put their faith in democracy has not been misplaced.

be proud to be a food Saver

MEAT PRODUCERS DID FULL DUTY

Increase in American Hogs Will Help to Meet World Fat Shortage.

FARMERS SAVE SITUATION.

Government Justified in Stimulation of Pork Production—Sevenfold Increase Over Pre-War Exports.

Through increased production and conservation we will be able this year to export seven times our pre-war average exports of pork products. With the heavy demands added in caring for the millions who have been freed from German oppression, the Department of Agriculture and the Food Administration are justified today in every action of stimulation of hog production. In the coming year the greatest world shortage will be in fats, and pork will help to save this situation. The efficacy of the policy of stimulated production has built up in this country supplies which will enable us to supply a very large part of the fat deficiency of the world. In beef there must be a shortage in Europe, due largely to limited refrigerator ship capacity. All freezer ships available, however, will be filled by America, Argentina and Australia.

The contribution made by the producers of this country to the war program as applying particularly to animal food products is illustrated by the following:

Reports compiled by the U. S. Department of Agriculture indicate an increase in cattle of 10,238,000 head and 12,441,000 hogs. These figures were compiled to January 1 last.

In this period there was a decrease in sheep of 819,000 head. The indications are that this decrease will show an increase, according to recent reports.

Since January 1 unofficial information indicates an increase in hogs of not less than 8 per cent. and not more than 15 per cent. as compared with one year ago, with an increase in the average weight.

Following the request of the U. S. Food Administration for an increase in hog production for marketing in the fall of 1918 and the spring of 1919 the increase may yield not less than 1,900,000 pounds more of pork products than were available last year. Without this increase the shipping program arranged by Mr. Hoover regarding animal food products would have been impossible.

The dressed hog products during the three months ending September 30, 1917, amounted to 908,172,000 pounds, while for the corresponding months of 1918 the dressed hog products totaled 1,277,589,000, an increase of over 374,000,000 pounds for the quarter.

During the same period for 1917 the records of inspected slaughtering of dressed beef showed 1,263,000,000 pounds as against 1,454,000,000 pounds for the three month period ending September 1, this year.

Our food Gospel

eat less serve less waste nothing

America's Pledge of Food Gave Heart to the Allies In Their Darkest Hour

Whatever is necessary America will send. That was America's pledge to the interallied food council. And because the American food army had hitherto made good they took heart and went forward.

Farm enterprise and much soft corn increased pork supplies, food conservation increased exports—total shipments doubled.

FAITH JUSTIFIED BY EVENTS.

I do not believe that drastic force need be applied to maintain economic distribution and sane use of supplies by the great majority of American people, and I have learned a deep and abiding faith in the intelligence of the average American business man, whose aid we anticipate and depend on to remedy the evils developed by the war.—Herbert Hoover, August 10, 1917.

Patriot's Plenty

Buy less—Serve less Eat only 3 meals a day Waste nothing Your guests will cheerfully share simple fare Be Proud to be a food Saver

WAR IS GONE

AND YET THE GOVERNMENT STILL ASKS FOR

Bookkeepers and Stenographers

PREPARE for this line of work NOW. DELAY may be COSTLY.

We can take teachers and in from four to six months qualify them for positions which pay all the way from \$75 to \$125 a month, and continue twelve months out of the year instead of six or eight.

We can take pupils who have finished the eighth grade and make good stenographers and bookkeepers out of them, so they can draw salaries anywhere from \$50 to \$90 a month.

We can take boys or girls who have not gone as far as the eighth grade and in our PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT make up for any deficiency in their education so as to make splendid bookkeepers and stenographers out of them.

This is the ONLY BUSINESS SCHOOL in the state that owns its building, therefore, anyone has a right to presume that what we do or say has ample financial backing to make it good.

Our TEACHERS are the best that can be had, their teaching is practical and that is the main reason why our pupils are generally successful.

We enroll a HIGH CLASS of pupils so that when they are qualified, we can place them in positions and recommend them in every way to the business man.

NOW is the time to enter, but if you cannot enter now, do not make it later than December 30, when our spring term opens. Write at once for particulars and get busy RIGHT NOW.

Boothe Business School

Boothe Corner

HUNTINGTON, W. VA.

Boothe Building

DON'T SCOLD, MOTHER! THE CROSS CHILD IS BILIOUS, FEVERISH

LOOK AT TONGUE! IF COATED, CLEAN LITTLE STOMACH, LIVER, BOWELS.

Don't scold your fretful, peevish child. See if tongue is coated; this is a sure sign its little stomach, liver and bowels are clogged with sour waste.

When listless, pale, feverish, full of cold, breath bad, throat sore, doesn't eat, sleep or act naturally, has stomachache, indigestion, diarrhoea, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the foul waste, the sour bile and fermenting food passes out of the bowels and you have a well and playful child again. Children love this harmless "fruit laxative," and mothers can rest easy after giving it, because it never fails to make their little "insides" clean and sweet.

Keep it handy, Mother! A little given today saves a sick child tomorrow, but get the genuine. Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs" which has directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on the bottle. Remember there are counterfeiters sold here, so surely look and see that yours is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company." Hand back with contempt any other fig syrup.

WAYNE, W. VA.

Clyde Skaggs at Home. Clyde S. Skaggs has returned home having received an honorable discharge from the army. He is glad to get home but regrets that he did not get to cross the big ditch. He was appointed to the officers' training school at Ft. Meyer and graduated from the officers' school receiving high grades and a diploma.

Wayne to Improve. Action taken by the town council of Wayne at a meeting held Monday evening preceded a boom for the good town of Wayne. The council unanimously agreed to put in street lights. The council also contemplates holding a special election to obtain funds to put in a system of waterworks. An election will be held in a few weeks and everything will be in readiness just as soon as the funds are available. The project 1 construction of the hard roads connecting this place with the river towns, Fort Gay, East Lynn and intermediate points has acted as a stimulus to our citizens and the spirit of progress is prevalent everywhere.

Veteran Dies. The funeral and burial of John Moore, aged 72, a veteran of the confederacy, was held here. Mr. Moore, who was a member of a prominent Virginia family, several members of whom moved to Wayne county after the close of the war, had resided in West Huntington some time prior to his death. He is survived by his widow, and a son and daughter.

SMALL FARM WANTED:—Wanted to rent a small farm with a 3-room house or more. Write JAMES PARSONS, 2430 Bank-st., Louisville, Ky.

FALLSBURG.

Sunday school is progressing nicely at this place with Jim Austin as superintendent.

People in our community are very busy making cellars.

John Presley was calling on Ganey Finn Sunday.

The women in our community are very busy sewing for the Red Cross. Mr. John Tomlin was visiting his sister, Lizzie Dyre, Sunday.

We were sorry to hear of the death of Wallace Cochran.

Jason Lambert was in our town one day last week.

We all are expecting Garland Webb

home soon from England. Marie Webb was calling on Charles Moore Sunday. Drew Ekers and Charley Collins were calling on Martha and Stella Moore Sunday.

Everett True.

LAST CALL FOR TAXES.

All persons that have not paid their tax please call and do so, as they are due and must be paid within the next few days. It is our duty to levy after January 1 on all who have not paid. Wm. TAYLOR, Sheriff.

Buy the Famous Martha Washington candy at Louisa Drug Store Cold

No. 7122 Statement of the Condition of THE LOUISA NATIONAL BANK, AT LOUISA, IN THE STATE OF KENTUCKY, AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS NOV. 1, 1918.

| RESOURCES. | | | |
|--|-----------|--------------|--|
| 1. a Loans and discounts, including rediscounts, except those shown in b and c..... | | \$237,527.85 | |
| b Customers' liability account of acceptances of this bank purchased or discounted by it..... | | 4,250.00 | |
| c Total loans..... | | 241,777.85 | |
| U. S. bonds (other than Liberty Bonds, but including U. S. certificates of indebtedness): | | | |
| a U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)..... | 50,000.00 | | |
| b U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness pledged to secure U. S. deposits (par value)..... | 1,000.00 | | |
| | | 51,000.00 | |
| 6. Liberty Loan Bonds: | | | |
| a Liberty Loan Bonds, 3-1-2, 4, 4 1-4 per cent unpledged..... | 73,150.00 | | |
| b Liberty Loan Bonds, 3-1-2, 4, 4 1-4 per cent pledged to secure U. S. deposits..... | 1,000.00 | | |
| | | 74,150.00 | |
| 7. Bonds, securities, etc. (other than U. S.): | | | |
| b Bonds other than U. S. Bonds pledged to secure postal savings deposits..... | 5,000.00 | | |
| c Securities other than U. S. Bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged..... | 69,629.47 | | |
| Total bonds, securities, etc. other than U. S..... | | 74,629.47 | |
| 9. Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent of subscription)..... | | 2,100.00 | |
| 10. Value of banking house..... | | 5,000.00 | |
| 11. Furniture and fixtures..... | | 1,000.00 | |
| 12. Real estate other than banking house..... | | 400.00 | |
| 13. Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank..... | | 37,051.35 | |
| 14. Cash in vault and net amount due from Nat. Banks..... | | 25,691.13 | |
| 15. Net amounts due from banks, bankers, and trust companies other than included in items 13, 14, 15..... | | 1,148.57 | |
| Total of items 14, 15, 16, 17, and 18..... | | 1,300.00 | |
| 19. Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting banks and other cash items..... | | 2,500.00 | |
| 20. Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer..... | | 557,791.78 | |
| LIABILITIES. | | | |
| 24. Capital stock paid in..... | | 50,000.00 | |
| 25. Surplus fund..... | | 20,000.00 | |
| 26. a Undivided profits..... | 19,965.70 | | |
| b Less current expenses, interest and taxes paid..... | 3,024.01 | | |
| 28. Circulating notes outstanding..... | | 16,939.00 | |
| 29. Net amounts due to National banks..... | | 1,040.25 | |
| Demand Deposits (other than Bank deposits) subject to reserve (deposits payable within 30 days): | | | |
| 34. Individual deposits subject to check..... | | 325,102.66 | |
| 35. Cashier's Checks outstanding..... | | 267.14 | |
| Total of demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to reserve, items 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40 and 41..... | | 325,370.80 | |
| Time deposits subject to reserve (payable after 30 days, or more notice, and postpaid savings): | | | |
| 42. Certificates of Deposit (other than for money borrowed)..... | | 70,872.96 | |
| 44. Postal savings deposits..... | | 2,859.04 | |
| Total of time deposits subject to Reserve, items 42, 43, 44, and 45..... | | 73,732.00 | |
| c Other United States deposits, including deposits of U. S. disbursing officers..... | 1,000.00 | | |
| Total..... | | 557,791.78 | |

State of Kentucky, County of Lawrence, ss. I, M. F. Conley, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
Correct—attest:
ROBERT DIXON
A. W. BROMLEY
R. L. VINSON, Directors.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 17th day of November, 1918.
A. O. CARTER, Notary Public.
My Commission expires December 20th, 1921.